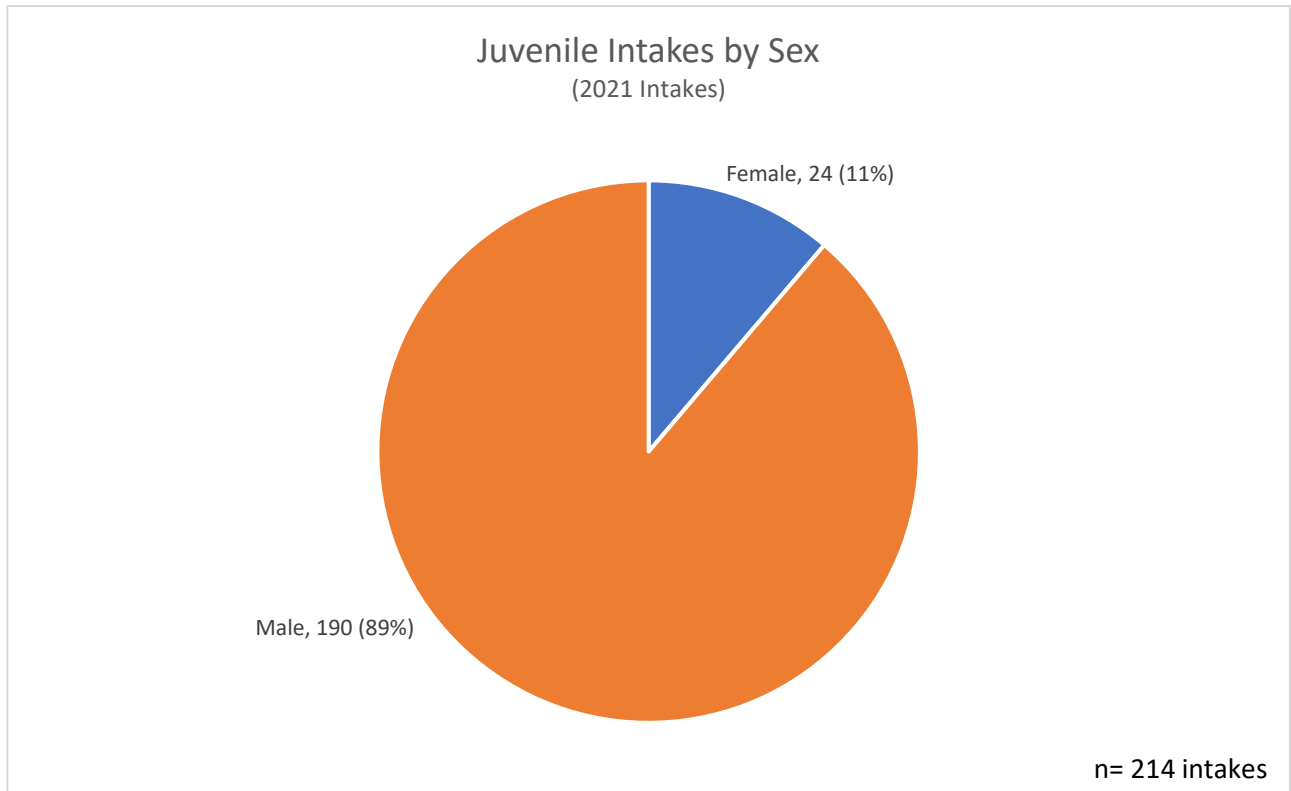


Key Takeaways:

- In the year shown, Black and Latinx youth represented approximately 90% of intakes into juvenile hall.
- Compared to all other race/ethnicities, Black youth accounted for more than half of the juvenile intakes in 2021.

Data Notes:

- Data sourced from CCC Probation Department
- Juveniles can be represented multiple times throughout the calendar year
- Graphics prepared by the Office of Reentry & Justice, April 2022

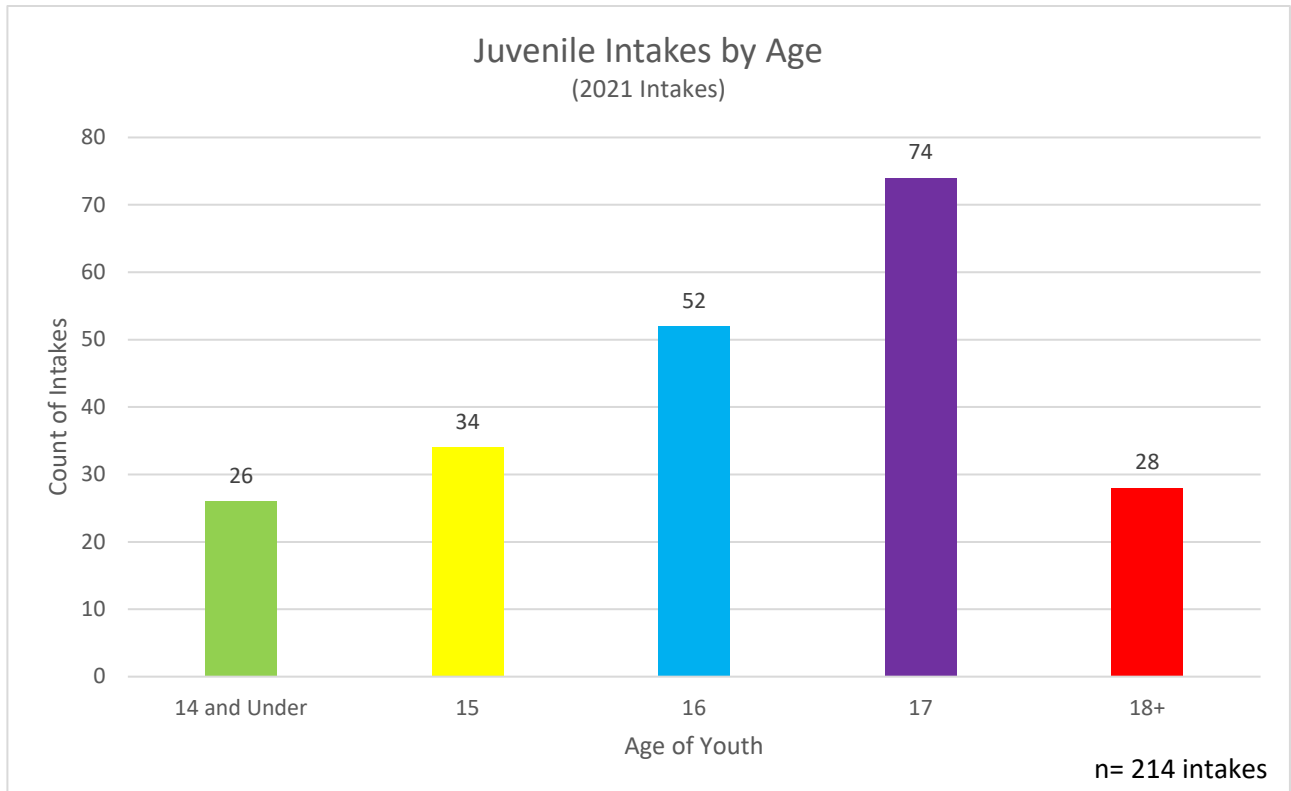


Key Takeaways:

- Intakes are dominated by males at 89% in the year 2021.

Data Notes:

- Data sourced from CCC Probation Department
- Juveniles can be represented multiple times throughout the calendar year
- Graphics prepared by the Office of Reentry & Justice, April 2022

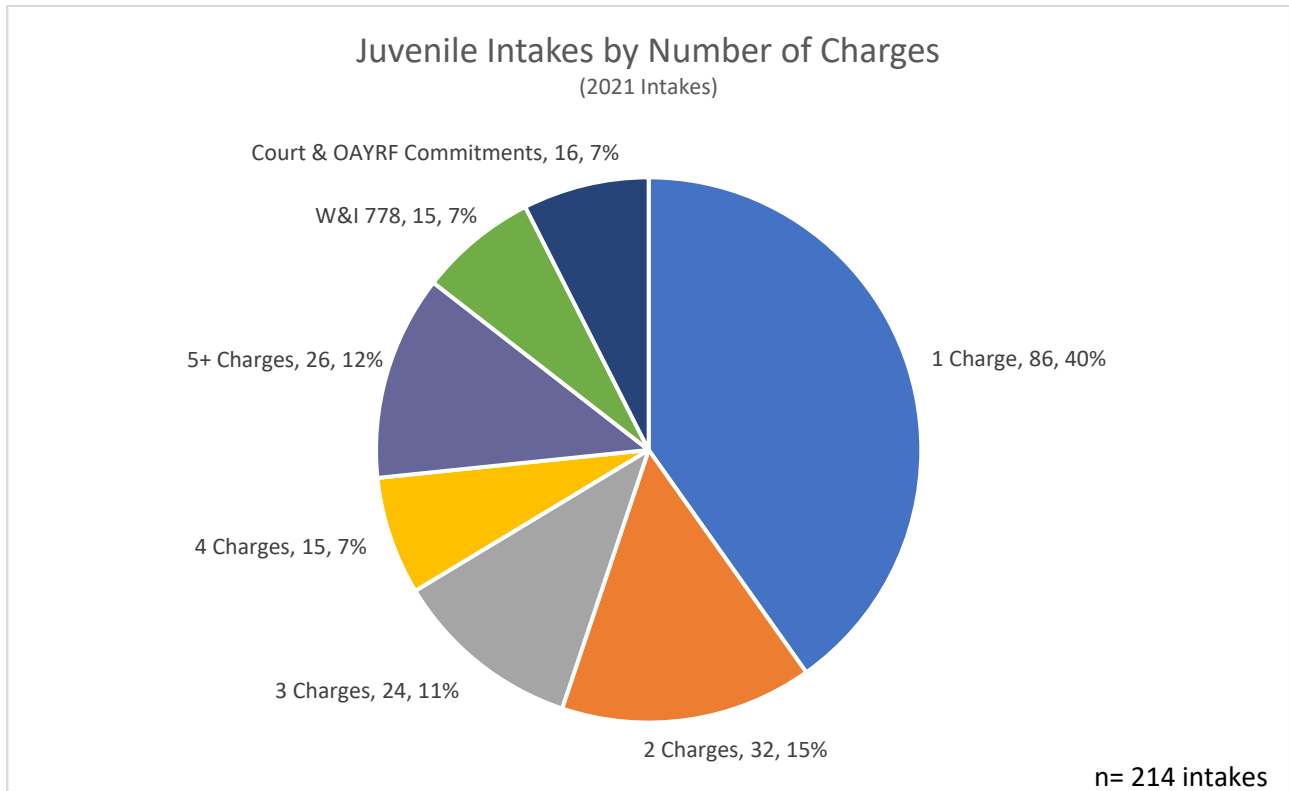


Key Takeaways:

- During the calendar year, the age of youth intakes ranged from 12 to 23 years old. (Mean: 17.5, Median: 17.5, Standard Deviation: 3.6)

Data Notes:

- Data sourced from CCC Probation Department
- Juveniles can be represented multiple times throughout the calendar year
- Graphics prepared by the Office of Reentry & Justice, April 2022

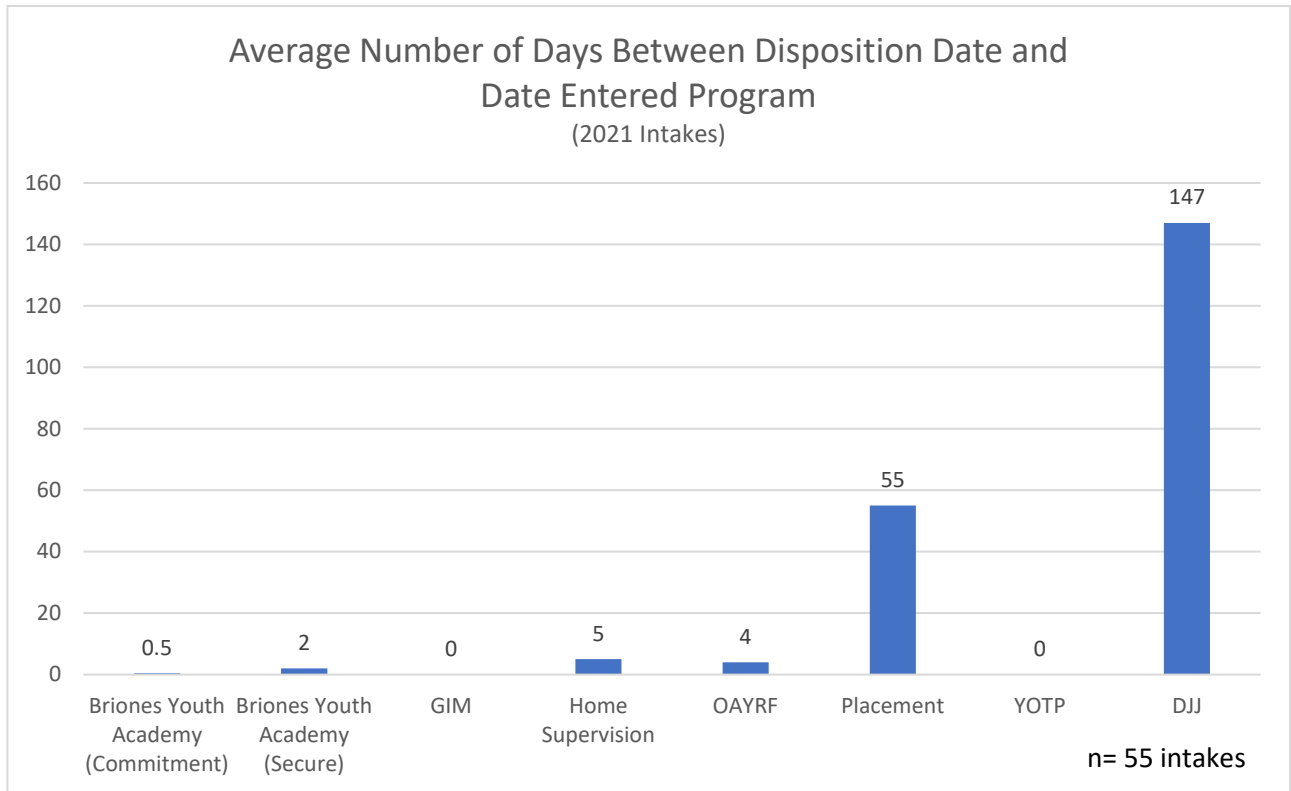


Key Takeaways:

- Just over half of juvenile intakes were charged with 1 or 2 offenses. More precisely, 15% of juveniles were charged with 2 offenses while 40% were charged with 1 offense.

Data Notes:

- Data sourced from CCC Probation Department
- Juveniles can be represented multiple times throughout the calendar year
- Graphics prepared by the Office of Reentry & Justice, April 2022

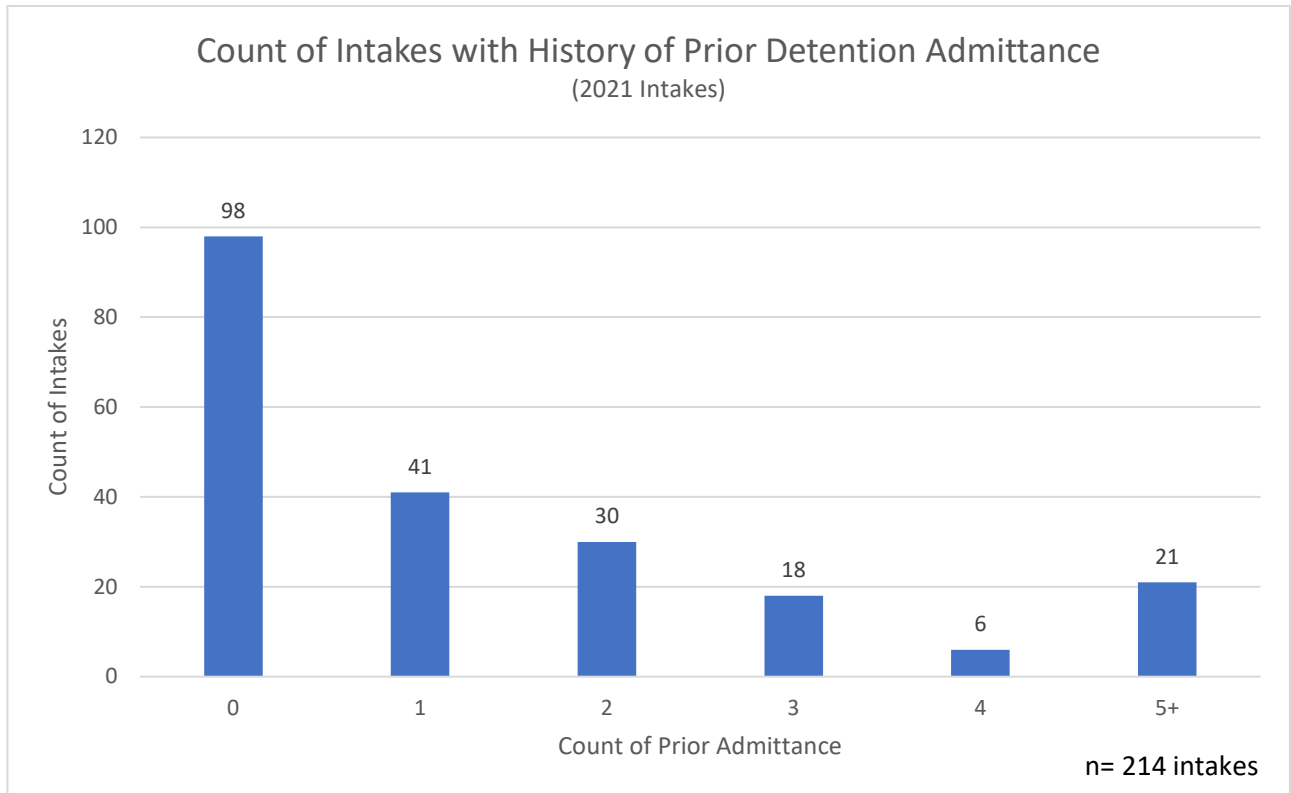


Key Takeaways:

- Of the 214 juvenile intakes, 26% or 55 youth were dispositioned to a program.
- The highest average number of days between disposition date and date of program entry was 147 for youth sent to DJJ. This likely reflects COVID related health orders.

Data Notes:

- Data sourced from CCC Probation Department
- Juveniles can be represented multiple times throughout the calendar year
- Graphics prepared by the Office of Reentry & Justice, April 2022

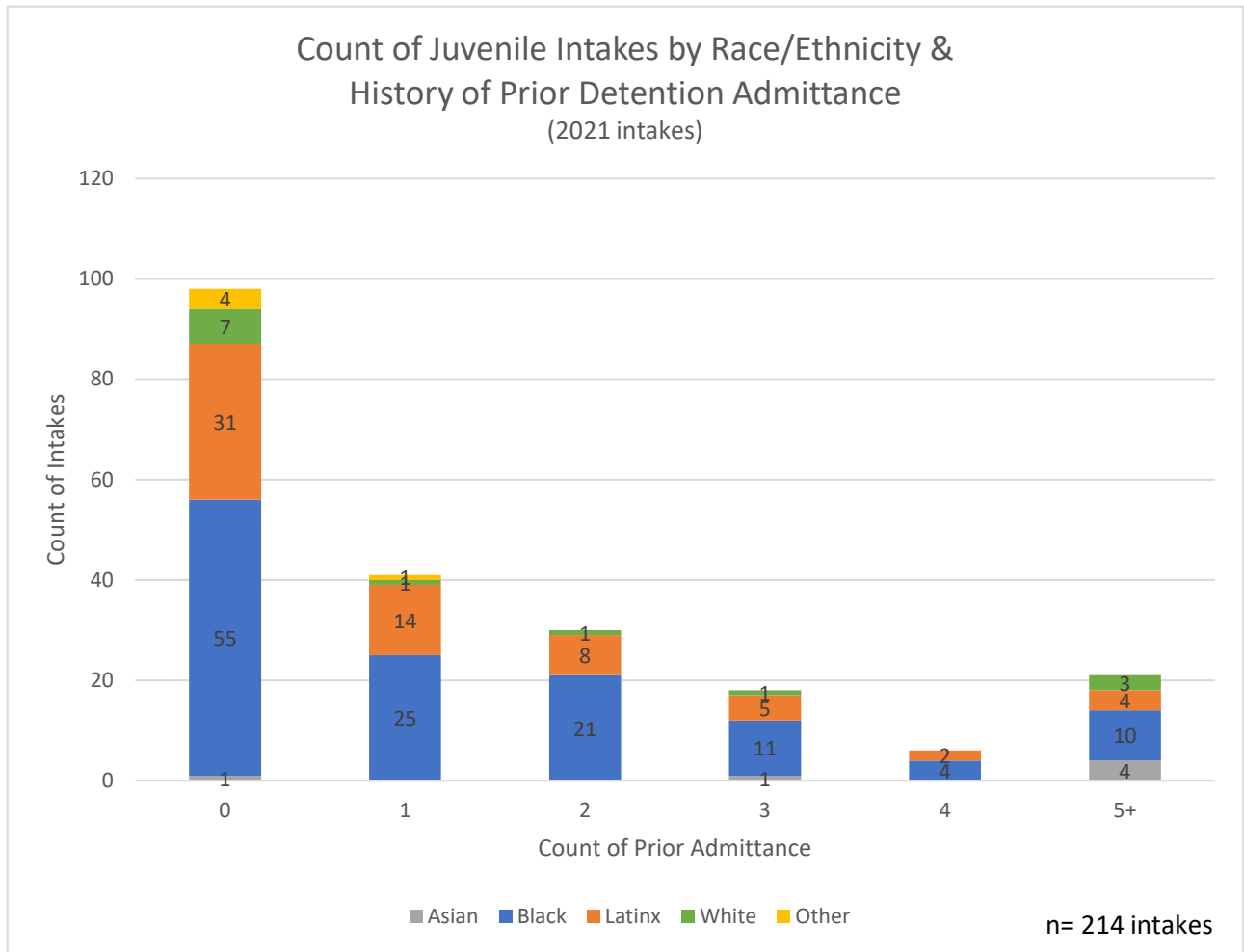


Key Takeaways:

- Of all intakes, 46% or 98 youth had no history of prior detention admittance.
- On average, youth had 7.6 episodes of prior detention admittance, with a range of no prior history up to 21 prior detention episodes.
- Of all intakes, 35% or 75 youth had 2 or more episodes of prior detention.

Data Notes:

- Data sourced from CCC Probation Department
- Juveniles can be represented multiple times throughout the calendar year
- Graphics prepared by the Office of Reentry & Justice, April 2022



Key Takeaways:

- Black youth had the highest intakes by race overall throughout 2021. In addition, across all youth with a history of prior admittance Black youth had the highest rates of intake.

Data Notes:

- Data sourced from CCC Probation Department
- Juveniles can be represented multiple times throughout the calendar year
- Graphics prepared by the Office of Reentry & Justice, April 2022